## **Legislative Audit Division**



**State of Montana** 

Report to the Legislature

November 1996

Financial-Compliance Audit
For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1996

## **Montana Historical Society**

This report contains three recommendations for improving the Society's operations. Items addressed in the report include:

- Misclassification of Grant Expenditures.
- Improper Expenditure Abatements.
- Timely Deposit of Donations.

Direct comments/inquiries to: Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

#### FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDITS

Financial-compliance audits are conducted by the Legislative Audit Division to determine if an agency's financial operations are properly conducted, the financial reports are presented fairly, and the agency has complied with applicable laws and regulations. In performing the audit work, the audit staff uses standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the United States General Accounting Office. Financial-compliance audit staff members hold degrees with an emphasis in accounting. Most staff members hold Certified Public Accountant (CPA) certificates.

Government Auditing Standards, the Single Audit Act of 1984 and Amendments of 1996, and OMB Circular A-128 require the auditor to issue certain financial, internal control, and compliance reports. This individual agency audit report is not intended to comply with these reporting requirements and is therefore not intended for distribution to federal grantor agencies. The Legislative Audit Division issues a statewide biennial Single Audit Report which complies with the above reporting requirements. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 has been issued. Copies of the Single Audit Report can be obtained by contacting:

Single Audit Coordinator Office of Budget and Program Planning State Capitol Helena MT 59620 Phone (406) 444-3616 Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

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Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor John W. Northey, Legal Counsel Tori Hunthausen, IT & Operations Manager



Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

This report is the result of our financial-compliance audit of the Montana Historical Society for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996. Included in this report are three recommendations to the Society to improve fiscal operations associated with society programs.

The written responses to the audit recommendations are included at the end of the audit report. We thank the director and Society staff for their assistance and cooperation.

Respectfully submitted,

"Signature on File"

Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor

## **Legislative Audit Division**

Financial-Compliance Audit
For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1996

## **Montana Historical Society**

Members of the audit staff involved in this audit were Tori Hunthausen, Wayne Kedish, Charles Nemec, and Kris Wilkinson.

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## **Appointed and Administrative Officials**

Montana Historical Society Board of Trustees			Term ExpiresJuly 1 of					
	Ward Shanahan, President	Helena	1999					
	Susan McDaniel, Vice Pres.	Miles City	1999					
	William M. Holt, Secretary	Lolo	1998					
	Jean Birch	Great Falls	2001					
	Ana Brenden	Scobey	2000					
	John J. Burke	Butte	2000					
	Jeanne Eder	Dillon	1997					
	Thomas Foor	Missoula	1998					
	Jack Hayne	Dupuyer	2000					
	Anne Hibbard	Helena	2001					
	Marge King	Winnett	1999					
	Virginia Lucht	Bigfork	2001					
	William Mackay	Roscoe	1999					
	Vickie McCarthy	Billings	1998					
	Ruby Settle	Wibaux	1997					
Montana State Historical			Term Expires					
<b>Preservation Review Board</b>			October 1 of					
	Dennis Deppmeier	Billings	1996					
	David Johns	Butte	1999					
	Kirk Michels	Livingston	1996					
	Arnold Olson	Helena	1997					
	Donald A. Wetzel	Billings	1999					
	Gloria Weisberber	Missoula	1997					
	Jack Horner	Bozeman	1998					
	Ms. Theo Hugs	Fort Smith	1998					
	Chris King	Winnett	1999					
Montana Historical Society Administration Officials	Brian Cockhill, Director Sharon McCabe, Centralized Services Manager							

#### **Montana Historical Society**

This financial compliance audit report contains the results of the audit for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996. The previous audit report contained one recommendation to the Society. The recommendation has been implemented. The current audit report contains two accounting issues regarding the improper recording of grant expenditures and expenditure abatements, and one cash management issue regarding timely deposit of donations.

We issued an unqualified opinion on the financial schedules contained in the report. This means the reader may rely on the presented financial information and the supporting data on the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System.

#### **Report Summary**

The listing below serves as a means of summarizing the recommendations contained in the report, the Society's response thereto, and a reference to the supporting comments.

Recommendation #1	We recommend the Society record historic preservation expenditures in accordance with state accounting policy							
	Agency Response: Partially Concur. See page B-3.							
Recommendation #2	We recommend the Society revise its abatement policy to comply with state accounting policy							
Recommendation #3	We recommend the Society comply with state law by making timely deposits of donations received at the Original Governor's Mansion							
	Agency Response: Partially Concur. See page B-5.							

### **Introduction**

#### General

We performed a financial-compliance audit of the Montana Historical Society (Society) for fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96. The objectives of the audit were to:

- 1. Make recommendations, if necessary, for improvement in the management and internal controls of the Society.
- 2. Determine if the Society complied with applicable laws and regulations.
- 3. Determine if the Society's financial schedules present fairly the results of operations for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996.
- 4. Determine the status of the prior audit recommendations.

This report contains three recommendations to the Society. Other areas of concern deemed not to have a significant effect on the successful operations of the Society are not specifically included in the report, but have been discussed with management.

In accordance with section 5-13-307, MCA, we analyzed the cost of implementing the recommendations contained in this report and determined it was not significant.

#### **Background**

According to the Society's director, since its founding in 1865, the Montana Historical Society has remained firmly committed to preserving and interpreting Montana and western American history. This is the foundation upon which all Society program activity is built.

Fifteen trustees, appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate, administer the Society. The Society's director, appointed by the Board of Trustees, handles the immediate direction, management, and control of the Society.

The Montana Historical Society is organized into the following five programs. Each program is headed by a manager who reports to the Society director.

Administration - The administration program provides supervision and coordination for all programs of the Society. Activities include public information, accounting and business management, financial reporting, fund raising, and security and building management. The program also provides education and tours for the public.

<u>Library/Archives</u> - This program incorporates three functional sections: the library, the archives, and the photograph archives. The different sections each collect distinctive materials and employ distinctive methodologies to organize and service their collections. The staff is responsible for collecting, organizing, preserving, and assisting the public and the staff of other Society programs in the use of this wealth of research material.

<u>Museum</u> - The museum collects fine art, and historical archeological and ethnological artifacts that pertain to Montana and its adjoining geographic region. In addition to caring for the Society's museum collections, program staff conduct research, produce exhibits, sponsor public programs, answer reference requests from the public and provide technical assistance to other museums and historical societies.

<u>Publications</u> - This program consists of three areas: <u>Montana</u>, <u>The Magazine of Western History</u>, the Montana Historical Society Press, and the Montana Historical Society Museum Store. <u>Montana</u>, <u>The Magazine of Western History</u> assists the Society in fulfilling its statutory mission of preserving Montana history and providing educational outreach. The Publications Program is responsible for managing the Society's museum gift shop. The Museum Store operates in response to public demand primarily through direct mail to a broad base of people interested in western history. The proceeds from the Store supports the Press.

Historic Preservation Program - This program exists to encourage Montanans to preserve significant historic and prehistoric buildings and sites in their ownership or care. It offers advice, technical assistance, support, leads to other people, and official comments, as required by law. The underlying philosophy is preserving and, where feasible, using many historic and prehistoric sites and buildings which saves natural resources, provides labor intensive construction, offers interesting and useable space for living and working, and makes our distinctive history visible and understandable to us and to visitors.

## **Prior Audit Recommendations**

#### Prior Audit Recommendations

The previous audit report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1994, contained one recommendation regarding the proper recording of Society assets. The Society has implemented the recommendation.

## **Improper Recording of Grant Expenditures**

The State Historic Preservation Office (office) of the Society, routinely administers preservation projects. The office receives a federal award of Historic Preservation funds, CFDA #15.904, each fiscal year. At least ten percent of the amount awarded must be transferred to certified local governments. The office also provides funds to other entities for approved proposals. These proposals can include approved "in-house" projects.

## Misclassification of Grant Expenditures

During the audit period we determined the Society incorrectly recorded the costs associated with certain preservation projects on the state's accounting records. We reviewed three "in-house" projects recorded as grant expenditures on the financial records during the audit period. Through review of bid specifications we determined two of the projects are professional consulting service contracts. Federal guidelines combine grants and contracts for reporting purposes; however, state accounting policy distinguishes between the two expenditure categories for recording the activity on the state's accounting records. Grants are defined under state accounting policy as money derived from federal sources and given to counties, cities, towns, or local agencies to be distributed as specified under the grant agreement. Since the office is contracting for professional services to complete "in-house" projects, the service costs should be recorded as operating services on the state's accounting records.

Another project takes a museum exhibit to various locations in Montana. These project costs were incurred by the Society's museum program; however, the Society reversed the operating costs and recorded them in the preservation program as a grant. These costs were incurred by the Society, not granted to another local government. Federal guidelines state that "in-house" contracts between two programs of the same entity, are not considered contractual agreements with the federal government. In addition, state accounting policy requires expenditures be recorded in the program in which they are incurred.

Society personnel stated they record "in-house" project costs as grants because that is how all project awards from federal funds are

recorded. They stated they believe the expenditure of federal funds is a grant even though the Society is spending the funds on its own projects.

As a result of the misclassification, grant expenditures are overstated and operating expenditures are understated by \$6,000 in fiscal year 1994-95 and \$16,500 in fiscal year 1995-96. In addition, the museum program expenditures are understated and the preservation program overstated by \$3,610 in fiscal year 1994-95.

#### **Recommendation #1**

We recommend the Society record historic preservation expenditures in accordance with state accounting policy.

## Improper Expenditure Abatements

State accounting policy states an expenditure abatement is a transaction that reverses an expenditure due to a nonroutine and nonrecurring reimbursement, refund, error or correction. The agencies do not receive appropriations for these costs. State policy requires an agency to record revenues and expenditures for services provided on a regular basis for the convenience of an outside party who later reimburses the agency for these costs. The practice of reversing, or abating expenditures can understate expenditures and revenues. The following examples are circumstances we identified where the Society inappropriately abated expenditures.

During the audit period, the Society sponsored an annual competition for students. Winners of the competition travel to Washington, D.C. to compete at the national level. In fiscal year 1994-95, the Society abated \$3,315 for ground transportation and \$4,062 for airfare expenses, on behalf of History Day participants, understating revenues and expenditures by \$7,377. In fiscal year 1995-96, the Society abated \$610 in airfare expenditures, also on behalf of History Day participants. Society personnel explained that they purchase airline tickets and tour packages for coordination of the activities. Personnel indicated that they do not expect to continue with this annual event, instead the Society will offer another event. When accounting for the new event, the Society

should consider the expenditure abatement criteria established in state accounting policy.

When a property is registered as a historical site, the Society provides a sign identifying it as such. The Society established a policy to require the property owner to pay \$25 towards the purchase of each sign. The Society abated \$1,975 and \$2,500 in fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96 respectively, for historical site signs. These abatements understated revenues and expenditures for this recurring activity. Society personnel indicated they do not consider these reimbursement revenues or expenditures of the Society.

State accounting policy states that if an agency expects reimbursement from an outside party to off-set a cost, the reimbursement should be included as revenue in the budget. If the activity is recurring, it should be budgeted as revenues and expenditures.

Society personnel indicated this policy does not meet their needs. If the Society has concerns with state accounting policy, personnel should communicate with the Department of Administration.

#### **Recommendation #2**

We recommend the Society revise its abatement policy to comply with state accounting policy.

## Timely Deposit of Donations

The Society operates tours of the Original Governor's Mansion in Helena. The Society has placed a locked collection box in the mansion for donations, which are used to maintain the mansion. Our review of the deposits of the donations made over the audit period indicated the Society makes infrequent deposits. In fiscal year 1994-95 six deposits totaling \$1,860 were made, in fiscal year 1995-96 five deposits totaling \$2,380 were made.

State law requires state agencies to deposit all moneys when the accumulated amount of coin and currency requiring deposit exceeds

\$100 or total collections exceeds \$500. State law also requires, at a minimum, deposits should be made weekly.

Society personnel indicated they do not have adequate staff to allow them to send staff to collect the donations on a weekly basis.

#### **Recommendation #3**

We recommend the Society comply with state law by making timely deposits of donations received at the Original Governor's Mansion.

# **Independent Auditor's Report**& Agency Financial Schedules

#### LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor John W. Northey, Legal Counsel Tori Hunthausen, IT & Operations Manager



Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying financial schedules of the Montana Historical Society for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 and 1996, as shown on pages A-5 through A-16. The information contained in these financial schedules is the responsibility of the Society's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial schedule presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in note 1, the financial schedules are presented on a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules are not intended to be a complete presentation and disclosure of the Society's assets, liabilities, and cash flows.

In our opinion the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and changes in fund balances of the Montana Historical Society for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 and 1996, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

"Signature on File"

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

August 14, 1996

## MONTANA HISTORICAL SOCIETY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	EnterpriseFunds	Expendable Trust Funds	Nonexpendable Trust Funds
FUND BALANCE: July 1, 1994	\$0	\$\$	\$\$	\$304,307	\$153,200
ADDITIONS					
Fiscal Year 1994-95					
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers In	2,500	677,934	638,658		
Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers In		49,245		123,912	36,817
Cash Transfers In		83,511			
Prior Year Transfers In		(4,309)			
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments	292	982			
Support From State of Montana	1,333,919				
Fiscal Year 1995-96					
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers In	2,000	732,568	634,236		
Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers In		9,980		31,988	15,760
Cash Transfers In		88,979			
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments		6,346	2,676		
Prior Year Expenditure/Deduction			1,092		
Support From State of Montana	1,361,831				
Total Additions	2,700,542	1,645,236	1,276,662	155,900	52,577
REDUCTIONS					
Fiscal Year 1994-95					
Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out	1,336,711	742,724	644,831		
Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out		65,411	(1,420)	18,780	10,753
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments			2,204		
Nonbudgeted Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments			(1,646)		
Direct Entries to Fund Balance			487		

Fiscal Year 1995-96

Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out	1,363,466	780,511 55,216	706,960 (61,977)	28,297	10,033
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments	365				
Nonbudgeted Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments				(2,400)	
Prior Year Revenue Adjustments		5,733	29		
Total Reductions	2,700,542	1,649,595	1,289,468	44,677	20,786
FUND BALANCE: June 30, 1996	\$0	\$\$	\$\$	\$\$	\$184,991

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting & Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

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## MONTANA HISTORICAL SOCIETY SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES, TRANSFERS IN & OTHER ADDITIONS FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Enterprise Funds	Expendable Trust Funds	Nonexpendable Trust Funds	Total
Fiscal Year 1995-96						
TOTAL REVENUES BY CLASS						
Charges for Services	\$ 2,000			ó 01 000	0 15 700	\$ 2,000
Investment Earnings Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		\$ 43,543		\$ 31,988	\$ 15,760	47,748 43,543
Sale of Documents and Merchandise		\$ 45,545	\$ 579,673			43,343 579,673
Rentals, Leases & Royalties			1,363			1,363
Grants, Contracts & Donations		161,972	1,505			161,972
Other Financing Sources		25,573	53,171 1			78,744
Federal		505,727	•			505,727
Total Revenues	2,000	736,815	634,207	31,988	15,760	1,420,770
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues		9,980		31,988	15,760	57,728
Prior-Year Revenue Adjustments		(5,733)	(29)			(5,762)
Actual Budgeted Revenues	2,000	732,568	634,236	0	0	1,368,804
Estimated Revenues	2,500	958,579	812,171	0	0	1,773,250
Budgeted Revenues Over(Under) Estimated	\$(500)	\$(226,011)	\$ (177,935)	\$0	\$0	\$ (404,446)
BUDGETED REVENUES OVER(UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS						
Charges for Services	\$ (500)					\$ (500)
Investment Earnings		\$ (4,000)				(4,000)
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		(2,457)	6 (4 mm 00 m) 2			(2,457)
Sale of Documents and Merchandise			\$ (177,297) <sup>2</sup>			(177,297)
Rentals, Leases & Royalties Grants, Contracts & Donations		(19,508)	(638)			(638) (19,508)
Other Financing Sources		(38,927)				(38,927)
Federal		$(36,327)$ $(161,119)_2$				(161,119)
Budgeted Revenues Over(Under) Estimated	\$(500)	\$ (226,011)	\$ (177,935)			\$ (404,446)
Fiscal Year 1994-95						
TOTAL REVENUES BY CLASS						
Charges for Services	\$ 2,500					\$ 2,500
Investment Earnings				\$ 18,912	\$ 13,415	32,327
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		\$ 40,129	6 500.005		00.400	40,129
Sale of Documents and Merchandise			\$ 586,907		23,402	610,309
Rentals, Leases & Royalties Grants, Contracts & Donations		136,787	253	105,000		253 241,787
Giants, Cultuacts & Dunations		130,767		103,000		41,101

Other Financing Sources Federal			22,686		51,498 <sup>1</sup>				74,184
Total Revenues		2,500	$\frac{527,577}{727,179}$	_	638,658	123,912	36,817	_	$\frac{527,577}{1,529,066}$
Total Revenues		2,300	121,113	_	030,030	125,512		_	1,323,000
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues			49,245			123,912	36,817		209,974
Prior-Year Revenue Adjustments									
Actual Budgeted Revenues		2,500	677,934	_	638,658				1,319,092
Estimated Revenues		2,000	909,254		652,998				1,564,252
Budgeted Revenues Over(Under) Estimated	\$	500	\$ (231,320)	\$_	(14,340)	\$0	\$0	\$	(245, 160)
BUDGETED REVENUES OVER(UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS									
Charges for Services	\$	500						\$	500
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	Ų	300	\$ (6,037)					Ų	(6,037)
Sale of Documents and Merchandise			(0,007)	S	(13,592)				(13,592)
Rentals, Leases & Royalties				*	(748)				(748)
Grants, Contracts & Donations			(11,258)		(, ,				(11,258)
Other Financing Sources			(6,354)						(6,354)
Federal			$(207,671)_2$						(207,671)
Budgeted Revenues Over(Under) Estimated	\$	500	\$ (231,320)	\$_	(14,340)			\$	(245, 160)

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting & Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

See footnote 7 on page A-16.
 See footnote 6 on page A-15.

## MONTANA HISTORICAL SOCIETY SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT & OTHER REDUCTIONS BY OBJECT & FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT	Administration Program	Library Program	Museum Program	Publications	Historic Sites Preservation	Total
Personal Services Salaries Employee Benefits Personal Services-Other Total	\$ 347,962 93,393 	\$ 335,701 93,040 428,741	\$ 176,122 47,209 	$\begin{array}{c} \$ & 226,049 \\ & 60,923 \\ \hline & -\frac{6}{286,978} \end{array}$	\$ 264,332 71,250 335,582	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 1,350,166 \\ & 365,815 \\ \hline & 6 \\ \hline & 1,715,987 \end{array} $
Operating Expenses Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses Goods Purchased for Resale Total	125,050 14,008 13,976 13,511 159,024 24,669 19,023	25,813 23,147 8,095 3,162 6,258 10,476 5,778	33,879 30,334 7,444 5,265 2,972 564 2,176	30,700 14,300 21,512 6,734 12,222 1,846 (31,032) 237,668 293,950	17,570 9,500 11,900 17,050 15,316 6,895 11,811	233,012 91,289 62,927 45,722 195,792 44,450 7,756 237,668 918,616
Equipment and Intangible Assets Equipment Total	1,987 1,987	22,835 22,835	2,150 2,150	$\frac{(10,544)}{(10,544)}$	16,346 16,346	32,774 32,774
Grants From Federal Sources Total					$\frac{118,615}{118,615}$	118,615 118,615
Transfers Accounting Entity Transfers Total	10,573 10,573			$\frac{53,171}{53,171}^{1}$		63,744 63,744
Debt Service Installment Purchases Total Total Program Expenditures PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY FUND	21,715 21,715 8844,891	\$ <u>534,305</u>	\$308,115_	\$623,555_	\$ <u>560,585</u>	$ \begin{array}{r} 21,715 \\ \hline 21,715 \\ \hline 2,871,451 \end{array} $
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Enterprise Fund	\$ 558,618 250,343	\$ 469,547 3,948 60,810	\$ 228,068 66,806 13,241	\$ 53,171 \\ 2,127 \\ 568,257	\$ 54,426 506,159	\$ 1,363,830 829,383 642,308

Expendable Trust Fund Nonexpendable Trust Fund Total Program Expenditures	 25,897 10,033 844,891	5	534,305	_	308,115	 623,555		560,585	_	25,897 10,033 2,871,451
Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures Prior-Year Expenditure Adjustments Actual Budgeted Expenditures Budget Authority Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 38,330 (2,628) 809,189 859,332 50,143	5	1,025 533,280 543,934 10,654	\$ <u></u>	2,500 55 305,560 394,498 88,938	\$ (61,977) (9,501) 695,033 765,228 70,195	s	52,716 (7) 507,876 628,573 120,697	\$ <u></u>	31,569 (11,056) 2,850,938 3,191,565 340,627
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND										
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Enterprise Fund	\$ 19,367 30,776	\$	353 8,509 1,792	\$	363 84,771 3,804	\$ 17,873 52,322	\$	885 119,812	\$	20,968 261,741 57,918
Total Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 50,143	s	10,654	\$_	88,938	\$ 70,195	\$	120,697	\$_	340,627

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See footnote 7 on page A-16.

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting & Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

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## MONTANA HISTORICAL SOCIETY SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT AND OTHER REDUCTIONS BY OBJECT & FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT		ministration Program	_	Library Program	_	Museum Program	<u>_</u> I	Publications_		storic Sites reservation	_	Total
Personal Services Salaries Employee Benefits Personal Services-Other Total	\$	319,776 90,685 410,461	\$	330,272 95,019 425,291	\$	165,269 45,061 210,330	\$	184,270 53,414 370 238,054	\$	267,338 72,782 340,120	\$	1,266,925 356,961 370 1,624,256
Operating Expenses Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses Goods Purchased for Resale Total	_	138,677 6,514 13,710 14,220 138,504 9,891 16,547		20,700 17,547 7,303 4,071 7,211 10,861 5,010	_	18,250 12,464 5,485 7,883 2,877 1,272 1,980	_	46,705 7,883 21,289 10,181 10,331 3,027 9,345 249,227 357,988	_	45,090 7,799 13,140 21,951 10,115 3,884 11,709	_	269,422 52,207 60,927 58,306 169,038 28,935 44,591 249,227 932,653
Equipment and Intangible Assets Equipment Total		29,287 29,287	_	15,428 15,428	_	9,234 9,234	_	(1,500) (1,500)	_	13,180 13,180	_	65,629 65,629
Grants From Federal Sources Total										132,305 132,305	_	132,305 132,305
Transfers Accounting Entity Transfers Total		10,833 10,833					_	51,498 51,498			_	62,331 62,331
Debt Service Leases Total Total Program Expenditures  PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY FUND	\$	788,644	\$_	513,422	\$_	269,775	_ \$	(100) (100) 645,940	\$	599,293	_ \$	(100) (100) 2,817,074
General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	570,217 188,894	\$	444,914 15,111	\$	226,880 38,765	\$	51,498 <sup>1</sup> 8,000	\$	42,910 556,383	\$	1,336,419 807,153

Enterprise Fund Expendable Trust Fund	18,780		53,397	4,130		586,442				643,969 18,780
Nonexpendable Trust Fund Total Program Expenditures	10,753 788,644	_	513,422	269,775	_	645,940	_	599,293	_	10,753 2,817,074
Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures Prior-Year Expenditure Adjustments Actual Budgeted Expenditures Budget Authority	29,533 (99) 759,210 813,702		(994) 514,416 533,192	269,775 320,605		(1,420) 558 646,802 670,394		65,411 (181) 534,063 708,117		93,524 (716) 2,724,266 3,046,010
Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 54,492	\$	18,776	\$ 50,830	\$	23,592	\$	174,054	\$	321,744
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND										
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Enterprise Fund	\$ 7,102 47,390	\$	2,596 2,734 13,446	\$ 5,771 45,059	\$	23,592	\$	174,054	\$	15,469 269,237 37,038
Total Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 54,492	\$	18,776	\$ 50,830	\$	23,592	\$	174,054	\$ <u></u>	321,744

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See footnote 7 on page A-16.

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting & Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

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For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1996

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Montana Historical Society (Society) uses the modified accrual basis of accounting, as defined by state accounting policy, for its Governmental and Expendable Trust Funds. In applying the modified accrual basis, the Society records:

Revenues when it receives cash or when receipts are measurable and available to pay current period liabilities.

Expenditures for valid obligations when the Society incurs the related liability and it is measurable.

State accounting policy also requires the Society to record the cost of employees' annual leave and sick leave when used or paid.

The Society uses accrual basis accounting for Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds. Under the accrual basis, as defined by state accounting policy, the Society records revenues in the accounting period earned if measurable and records expenses in the period incurred, if measurable.

Expenditures and expenses may include: entire budgeted service contracts even though the Society received the services in a subsequent fiscal year; goods ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end, but not received as of fiscal year-end; and equipment ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial schedule format is in accordance with the policy of the Legislative Audit Committee. Effective July 1, 1996 the Legislative Audit Committee approved a new financial schedule format for inclusion in agency audit reports. The new format includes nonbudgeted revenues and expenditures activity, as well as, all prior year adjustments for all financial schedules presented. In addition, financial activity for agency funds, if applicable to the agency, is included in the Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance and Property Held in Trust. The financial schedules included in this report are presented according to the revised format.

The financial schedules are prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System without adjustment. Accounts are organized in funds according to state law. The Society uses the following funds:

**Governmental Funds** 

**General Fund** - to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Fund** - to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Society Special Revenue Funds include federal assistance programs, historic sites and signs programs, and donations.

**Proprietary Funds** 

**Enterprise Fund** - to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the Legislature intends that the department finance or recover costs primarily through user charges; or (b) where the Legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred or net income is appropriate. The Society accounts for the publication program which includes merchandise, magazine, and Historical Society press operations, and the library and museum photocopies, in the Enterprise Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

**Trust and Agency Funds** - to account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds. The Society records private donations established as trusts which permit spending of the principal in the Expendable Trust Fund. The Society records private donations which permit spending only earnings from investments in the Nonexpendable Trust Fund.

#### 2. Annual and Sick Leave

Employees at the Society accumulate both annual and sick leave. The Society pays employees for 100 percent of unused annual and 25 percent of unused sick leave credits upon termination. Accumulated unpaid liabilities for annual and sick leave are not reflected in accompanying financial schedules. In the Proprietary Funds, the increase in annual and 25 percent of the increase in sick leave are recognized as nonbudgeted expenses when the related

liability is recorded at year end. The Society absorbs expenditures for termination pay in its annual operational costs. At June 30, 1996 the Society had a liability of \$150,338 and \$27,428 in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and Proprietary Fund, respectively.

#### 3. Pension Plan

Employees are covered by the Montana Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). The Society's contribution to PERS was \$81,175 in fiscal year 1994-95 and \$90,103 in fiscal year 1995-96.

#### 4. General Fund Balance

The General Fund is a statewide fund. Each agency does not have a separate General Fund since its only authority is to pay obligations from the statewide General Fund within their appropriation limits. Thus, on an agency's schedules, the General Fund beginning and ending fund balance will always be zero.

#### 5. Museum Collection

Museum collections at the Society include historical, archeological, ethnographic, firearms, and the permanent fine arts collections. Library and archive collections consist of books, periodicals, maps, microfiche, photographs, monographs, and manuscripts. It is the Society's policy to record acquisitions as additions to the collection. Due to a change in accounting standards, since 1992 donations have not been recorded as additions. The Society recorded the estimated value of its collection as of June 30, 1996 at \$42,007,735.

#### **Revenue Estimates**

The Schedule of Budgeted Revenue and Transfers In for the Special Revenue Fund shows large estimated revenues in relation to actual revenues for the "Federal" revenue classifications. Because federal revenue is difficult to estimate, Society management generally estimate higher, rather than lower, for these types of revenues. The Schedule of Budget Revenue and Transfers In for the Enterprise Fund shows large estimated revenues in relation to actual revenues for the "Sale of Documents and Merchandise." This revenue is dependent on catalogue sales, gift shop sales, and publication sales. These revenues are difficult to estimate.

#### 7. General Fund Transfer

The publications program is budgeted for a general fund transfer to pay the cost of two FTE involved in publishing <u>Montana</u>, <u>the Magazine of Western History</u>. The magazine is not self-sustaining and the general fund transfer is to subsidize it's publication. The program received a general fund transfer of \$51,498 and \$53,171 in fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96, respectively.

#### 8. Related Parties

The Montana Historical Society Foundation, Inc., (Foundation) is a private nonprofit organization affiliated with the Society. The Foundation operates exclusively for the purposes of promoting, assisting, and supporting the operations of the Society.

Friends of the Society volunteer organization provided 3,891 hours of service to the Society from April of 1995 through March of 1996, almost the equivalent of two full-time employees. Volunteers assisted with cataloging artifacts, assisting in the museum store, leading tours, planning and hosting receptions, transcribing oral history tapes and preparing mailings.

The Original Governor's Mansion Restoration Board operates exclusively for the purpose of promoting, assisting and supporting the restoration of the Original Governor's Mansion.

## **Agency Response**



## Montana Historical Society

225 No. Roberts • PO Box 201201 • Helena, MT 59620-1201 • (406) 444-2694 • FAX (406) 444-2696

October 23, 1996

OCT 2 3 1996

Scott Seacat Legislative Auditor Legislative Audit Division State Capitol Helena, Mt. 59620

#### Dear Mr. Seacat:

The following is our response to the recommendation in the Financial Compliance Audit for the two years ending Fiscal Year 1996.

#### Recommendation # 1

We recommend the Society record historic preservation expenditures in accordance with state accounting policy.

The Society partially concurs.

The Audit Report does not include the complete definition of the state's accounting policy for Federal Grants. The complete definition needs to be included to confirm the Society's authorization to make grants for Historical Preservation to other then Public/Government entities. According to state policy the expenditure category "6200-Grants", states "Monies derived from Federal sources and given to counties, cities, towns, school districts, local agencies, professional societies, etc. to be used or distributed by the recipient entities as specified by the grant agreement." We do not agree with the auditor these are "In-House" contracts, but are Subgrants. The National Register Programs Guideline (NPS-49) also define subgrant as "An award of financial assistance made under a grant to an eligible subgrantee by a grantee." The Society maintains all definitions must be utilized to determine the classification of the expenditures.

The Society often has subgrants, in which the Society designs the specifications to meet the

unique specific requirements of a project according to federal guidelines or professional guidelines. This is not an unusual occurrence. The program issues requests and advertisements for people to respond to certain kinds of projects. One example looked at by the auditors was a Tipi Ring concept brought to the Preservation Program by a private owner interested in Tipi Rings. This interest then expanded for broader applications to cover a whole class of research types. The other project reviewed by the auditor, "The Historic Preservation Services Directory" also was a project benefitting the state and not specifically the program. These two projects are therefore classified properly according to State Accounting Policy.

The Society maintains the Museum Exhibit Project was correctly recorded in the grants area. The audit report states the Society does this because "that is how all project awards from federal funds are recorded". This is an incorrect statement. The Society recorded these expenses in the grants area because they were grants. With the federal government approving the Museum Exhibit Project as a subgrant, the Society maintains this grant is classified correctly. This expense was only reversed since it was recorded in the improper center. If the Society were to record this activity as the auditor is requesting then the Historic Preservation Program grant category would be misclassified. Because the 2nd level object of expenditure rolls up into the correct fund and program there is no significant financial misstatement.

The Society will continue to review subgrant and contracts to ensure they are properly classified.

#### Recommendation #2

We recommend the Society revise its abatement policy to comply with state accounting policy.

The Society does not concur.

According to state accounting policy Management Memo 2-94-2 "Expenditure Abatements" - "the crediting of an object of expenditure on a collection report - are appropriately used...", when "Reimbursements of specific items incurred by an agency which are nonrecurring and nonroutine in nature and are the responsibility of the outside party."

History Day is an annual event which is not part of the normal everyday business of the Society. Due to budget cuts the Society does not know if History Day will continue from one year to the next. Nor does the Society know what type of expenses will be incurred by the Society or the participants. The expenses were not done for the coordination or convenience of the participants, but the Society and a few citizens of the state to be able to participate in National History Day. More specifically, the only way the Society and the participants are able to register, purchase ground transportation, register for rooms, etc. is as a group. The possibility of 20 people correctly registering, staying in the same place, traveling throughout Washington D.C. on the same tour buses, eating at the same spots, etc. is slim if everyone had registered separately. Therefore all costs incurred were done as a group through the Society as a logical representative instead of each individually. If the Society were to record this as revenue and expenses it is our opinion revenue and expenses would be overstated. The Society should continue to record the costs of only the state personnel in attendance as expense, as a result show only the actual

revenue and expenditures of the state.

When a property is registered as a historical site the property owner may request a sign which states briefly the Historical significance of the site. The property owner must pay \$25.00 of the sign cost. This is the cost of the sign to the property owner. This is required in order for the property owner to have a vested interest in the sign. Also, the only way the vendor would perform the production of the signs is to receive one check from the Society instead of one check from the society and a dozen from the property owners. Therefore the sign cost is made up of the Society's portion of the cost and the property owner's portion of the cost. According to state accounting policy factors to consider for recording expenditure abatements are "The purpose of the service has to be taken into consideration to determine if the reimbursement from an outside party is recorded as expenditure abatement or recorded as revenue." Again in this instance, revenue and expenses would be overstated by the \$25.00 per sign or \$1,975.00 in FY95 and \$2,500.00 in FY96.

The Society will work with Department of Administration to clarify the expenditure abatement definition as it applies to the Society.

#### Recommendation #3

We recommend the Society comply with state law by making timely deposits of donations received at the Original Governor's Mansion.

The Society partially concurs.

The Society maintains compliance with the intent of the law for safeguarding state assets. As in the past and currently the Original Governor's Mansion (OGM) has maintained a security system which is wired into the police station. The OGM has a large, very secure, double keyed collections box. It is a box that is nearly impossible to break into, takes three employees to open, and can not be easily carried away. The keys to the collection box are kept in the safe at the Montana Historical Society Centralized Services. Centralized Services must notify the Tour Guide upon arrival, so the alarm system can be deactivated and employees can enter the OGM.

The collection box has promotional aspects, in that it invites the public to contribute, since it is large and transparent and the public realizes that donations are needed. On a weekly basis a Centralized Services employee inquires to the amount of donations and when the donations in the box appear to be of significant amount the Tour Guide notifies Centralized Services a collection is warranted. Two employees from Centralized Services with the help of the Tour Guide empties the cash from the collection box at OGM. The two Centralized Services employees return to the Society to count and deposit the donations.

The OGM tours are offered in the off season (winter months) by appointment. There were tours in January and February of both fiscal years audited. It is assumed the amount of donations given in these tours was not of significant amount for the Tour Guide to notify Centralized Services to collect the donations until late in February.

The Society performed a test in July 1996 (busy season) where it collected \$95.50. After personnel and mileage cost it netted \$66.55. Because of budget cuts the Society must use its judgement weighing the safeguard of state assets to the cost vs. benefits derived in the collection of the donations according to state law.

The Society will work towards depositing the donations received at least weekly and at the same time request an exception from the Legislature for this requirement.

Sincerely, Sun Corlliell

Brian Cockhill

Director